COVID-19

Government measures



Report #6 - 15 May 2020

About this report

An outbreak of respiratory disease caused by a novel coronavirus (abbreviated "COVID-19") (CDC 2020) was first reported in China in December 2019. The outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization (WHO) on 11 March 2020 (WHO 11/03/2020).

This report provides an update to previous ACAPS reports that explore measures adopted by governments in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, which can be found here. Our reports are a component of ACAPS' broader effort to monitor the secondary impacts of the pandemic and are based on publicly available data assembled by our team through a wide scanning of information across the globe.

Further country-specific analysis of the COVID-19 situation and analysis of challenges for humanitarian operations can be found here.

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Methodology

This report explores the relationship between displaced populations and government measures taken in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, which have been identified using data collected in the ACAPS #COVID19 Government Measures Dataset (updated 14/05/2020). Data is available for over 190 countries.

The Secondary Data Review that populated the dataset was structured around **five broad categories of measures** used to group the interventions governments were taking in response to COVID-19:

- Movement restrictions
- Social distancing
- Public health measures
- Governance and socioeconomic measures
- Lockdown

For an overview of the **Government Measures Taxonomy**, including overall structure and definitions, please see the *Annex*. The taxonomy is frequently updated to reflect the evolving situation as governments adopt and amend measures.

Limitations

The COVID-19 response provides abundant sources of information. Care is needed to identify the most reliable sources.

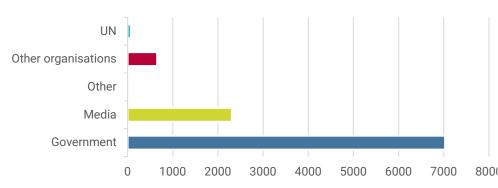
This report includes information on government measures available as of 14 May 2020.

Government measures are changing rapidly. Often information is outdated by the time it has been identified. The number of countries implementing or amending measures increases daily. Given the speed in which governments are amending or introducing new measures in response to COVID-19, the dataset and analysis are likely to have information gaps. There are information gaps for some countries.

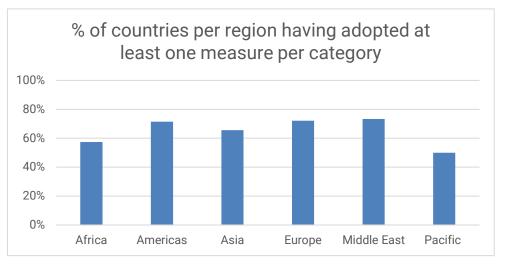
Overview government measures

Information recorded in the ACAPS #COVID19 Government Measures Dataset comes from a broad range of sources, primarily from governments (70%). Other sources include media, United Nations agencies, and other organizations.

Type of Sources of Database Entries



As of 14 May 2020, 126 countries have implemented at least one measure from each of the five categories identified.



Movement Restrictions

As of 14 May 2020, around 190 countries have taken measures that restrict movement. Measures identified in this category are either introduced to control entry onto the territory of a State or to control movement within a territory. Measures directed at control of entry are the most commonly implemented movement restrictions. They include partial border closures (157 countries) and international flight suspensions (148 countries). Other measures that fall into this sub-category are visa restrictions or suspensions, requirements of additional health documents at entry points and intensified border controls. Among measures introduced to control internal movement, domestic travel restrictions are the most commonly implemented measures (132 countries). Other measures directed at control of internal movement are curfews, and the establishment of surveillance and monitoring systems such as movement tracking through mobile phone data.

Top 3 Movement restrictions measures implemented	Total	Africa	Americas	Asia	Europe	Middle Fast	Pacific
Border closure (partial)	157	43	32	20	38	12	12
Int. flight suspension	148	45	22	25	32	13	11
Domestic travel restrictions	132	43	22	19	28	12	8

Social distancing

As of 14 May 2020, more than 185 countries have implemented social distancing measures, which seek to reduce physical social contact and ensure physical distance between individuals, particularly in public spaces. In terms of government actions, the measures being taken include limiting public gatherings, closure of businesses and public services, school closures, and changes to prison policies. The most common social distancing measure is limiting public gatherings, currently taken in 174 countries.

Top 3 Social distancing measures implemented	Total	Africa	Americas	Asia	Europe	Middle East	Pacific
Limit public gatherings	174	51	28	29	43	13	10
Schools closure	165	49	31	21	39	15	10
Closure of businesses and public services	140	38	28	15	38	14	9

Public health measures

A range of public health measures are being taken by around 190 governments to prepare, mitigate, and respond to COVID-19. The twelve identified measures include promoting public health awareness, introducing isolation and quarantine policies, health screenings at border points, testing for COVID-19, mass population testing, obligatory medical tests not related to COVID-19, psychological assistance and medical social work, amendments to funeral and burial regulations, general recommendations, other public health measures enforced, requirement to wear protective gear in public, and strengthening public health systems.

Top 3 Public health measures implemented	Total	Africa	Americas	Asia	Europe	Middle East	Pacific
Isolation and quarantine policies	173	46	29	31	40	14	13
Strengthening public health systems	161	36	31	28	42	10	14
Health screenings at border points	134	45	22	26	22	9	10

Governance and socioeconomic measures

Over 180 governments are implementing a variety of governance and socioeconomic measures to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. Among the five measure types identified in this category is the introduction of emergency legislation, which grants governments extended powers. As of 14 May 2020, over 130 governments operate under emergency legislation frameworks. Other measures in this category include the specific economic measures, the deployment of military forces, and changes to import/export regulations.

Top 3 Governance and socioeconomic measures	Total	Africa	Americas	Asia	Europe	Middle East	Pacific
Economic measures	162	40	33	27	40	9	13
Emergency administrative structures activated or established	131	34	25	20	36	6	11
State of emergency declared	106	31	23	10	26	3	13

Lockdown

Lockdowns of varying degree are currently implemented in around 120 countries. The degree of lockdown differs between countries and can be scaled up gradually. Generally, lockdown protocols limit individual movement and require populations to only leave their homes for essential purposes. In addition, authorities suspend economic activity of sectors considered non-essential during lockdowns. Lockdowns can be implemented nation-wide or in some cases on a regional or municipal level only. A specific type is lockdown in refugee or IDP camps. These are currently imposed in over 10 countries.

Lockdowns imposed	Total	Africa	Americas	Asia	Europe	Middle East	Pacific
Partial lockdown	123	31	22	22	28	12	8
Full lockdown	32	3	9	8	5	5	2

Annex - Government measures taxonomy

Category		Measure
	1	Additional health or other document requirements upon arrival
	2	Border checks
	3	Border closure
	4	Complete border closure
Movement	5	Checkpoints within the country
restrictions	6	International flights suspension
	7	Domestic travel restrictions
	8	Visa restrictions
	9	Curfews
	10	Surveillance and monitoring
	11	Awareness campaigns
	12	Isolation and quarantine policies
	13	General recommendations
Public health	14	Health screenings in airports and border crossings
measures	15	Obligatory medical tests not related to COVID-19
	16	Psychological assistance and medical social work
	17	Mass population testing

Category		Measure
	18	Strengthening the public health system
	19	Testing policy
Public health measures	20	Amendments to funeral and burial regulations
ilicasules	21	Requirement to wear protective gear in public (e.g. face mask or gloves)
	22	Other public health measures enforced
	23	Economic measures
Governance and socioeconomic	24	Emergency administrative structures activated or established
	25	Limit product imports/exports
measures	26	State of emergency declared
	27	Military deployment
	28	Limit public gatherings
Social distancing	29	Closure of businesses and public services
Social distancing	30	Changes in prison policies
	31	Schools closure
	32	Partial lockdown
Lockdown	33	Full lockdown
	34	Lockdown of refugee/IDP camps or other minorities